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# TFT | OLED | CHARACTER | GRAPHIC | UWVD | SEGMENT | CUSTOM

## **TFT Display Module**

Part Number E45RA-I-MW500-N

#### Overview:

- 4.5-inch TFT (61.54x110.09mm)
- 480x854 Pixels
- 2-Lane MIPI Interface
- Wide Temperature Range
- All Viewing Angles

- IPS, Transmissive
- No Touch Panel
- 500 NITS
- TFT IC: ILI9806E
- RoHS Compliant



## **Description**

This is a color active matrix TFT (Thin Film Transistor) LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching device. This model is composed of a transmissive type TFT-LCD Panel, driver circuit, back-light unit. The resolution of a 4.5" TFT-LCD contains 480x854 pixels, and can display up to 16.7M colors.

#### **Features**

Input Voltage: 3.3V

TFT Interface: 2-Lane MIPI

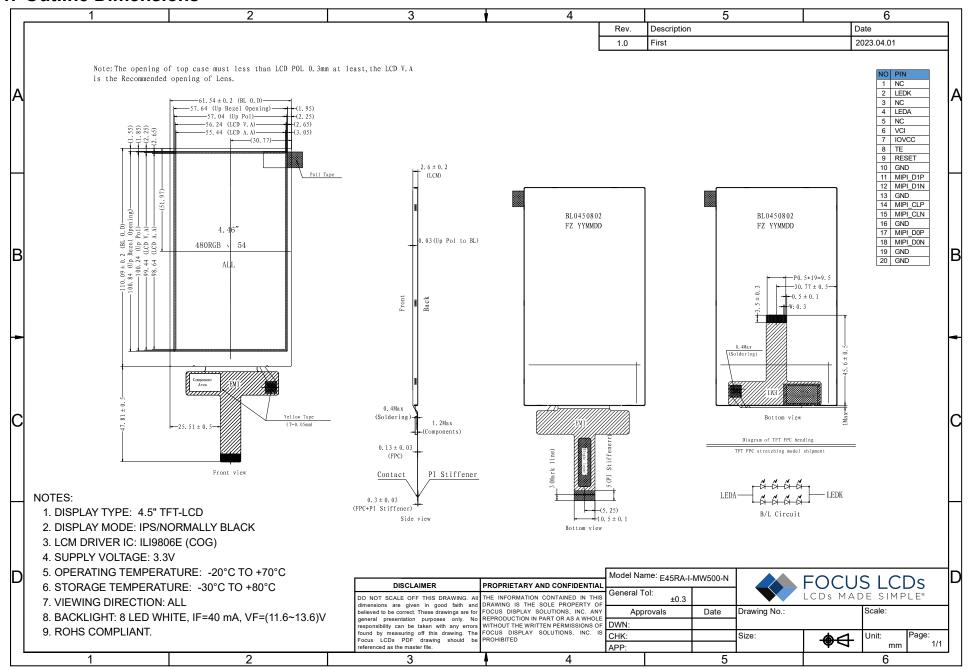
General Information Items	Specification	Unit	Note	
General information items	Main Panel	Unit	Note	
TFT Display Area (AA)	55.44(H) x 98.64(V) (4.5 inch)	mm		
Driver Element	TFT active matrix			
Display Colors	16.7M	colors		
Number of Pixels	480(RGB)x854	dots		
TFT Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe			
Pixel Pitch	0.1155 (H) x 0.1155 (V)			
Viewing Angle	ALL	o'clock		
TFT Controller IC	IL19806E			
Display Mode	Transmissive/Normally Black			
Operating Temperature	-20 to +70	°C		
Storage Temperature	-30 to +80	°C		

#### **Mechanical Information**

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal (H)		61.54		mm	
Module Size	Vertical (V)		110.09		mm	
	Depth (D)		2.60		mm	
Weight			33		g	Approximate

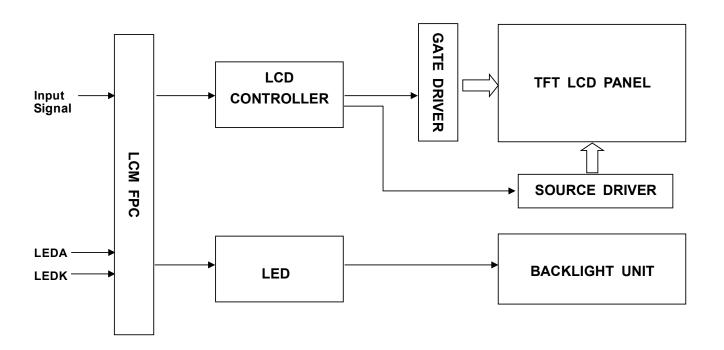


#### 1. Outline Dimensions





## 2. Block Diagram





## 3. Input Terminal Pin Assignment

## 3.1 TFT Pin Assignment

Recommended TFT Connector: FH12-20S-0.5SH(55)

NO.	Symbol	Description	I/O
1	NC		
2	LEDK	Cathode pin of backlight.	Р
3	NC		
4	LEDA	Anode pin of backlight.	Р
5	NC		
6	VCI	Supply voltage (3.3V).	Р
7	IOVCC	I/O power supply voltage.	Р
8	TE	Tearing effect output.  Leave the pin to open when not in use.	0
9	RESET	The external reset input. Initializes the chip with a low input. Be sure to execute a power-on reset after supplying power.	ı
10	GND	Ground.	Р
11	MIPI_D1P	MIPI DSI differential data pair (DSI-Dn+/-).	
12	MIPI_D1N	If MIPI are not used, they should be connected to DGND	'
13	GND	Ground.	Р
14	MIPI_CLP	MIPI DSI differential clock pair (DSI-CLK+/-).	
15	MIPI_CLN	If MIPI are not used, they should be connected to DGND	ı
16	GND	Ground.	Р
17	MIPI_D0P	MIPI DSI differential data pair (DSI-Dn+/-).	
18	MIPI_D0N	If MIPI are not used, they should be connected to DGND	
19	GND	Ground.	Р
20	GND	Ground.	Р

I: Input, O: Output, P: Power



## 4. LCD Optical Characteristics

## 4.1 Optical Specifications

Item	n Symb		Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Color Gar	nut	S(%)			62		%	(5)
Transmitta	ınce	Т%			4.25		%	
Contrast R	Contrast Ratio			800	1000		%	(2)
Deen and a Time	Rising	TR				25		(4)
Response Time	Falling	TF			15		ms	(4)
	White	WX		0.2657	0.3057	0.3457	-	
	vvnite	WY	θ=0	0.2948	0.3348	0.3748		
	Red	RX	Normal	0.5840	0.6240	0.6640		
Color Filter		RY	viewing angle	0.3070	0.3470	0.3870	-	(5)(6)
Chromaticity	Green	GX		0.2840	0.3240	0.3640		
		GY		0.5452	0.5852	0.6252		
		ВХ		0.1079	0.1479	0.1879		
	blue	BY		0.0215	0.0615	0.1015		
	Hor. OF Ver.	ΘL	CR≥10	70	80		-	
Viewing Angle		ΘR		70	80			(4)(0)
		ΘТ	UN≥10	70	80		degree	(1)(6)
		ΘВ		70	80			
Option View D	irection			ALL				(1)

### **Measuring Conditions:**

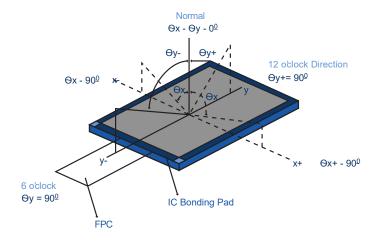
- 1. Dark Room
- 2. Ambient Temperature of 25±2°C
- 3. 15 Minute Warm up



## **Optical Specification Reference Notes:**

#### (1) Definition of Viewing Angle:

The viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The viewing angles are determined for the horizontal or 3,9 o'clock direction and the vertical or 6,12 o'clock direction with respect to the optical axis which is normal to the LCD surface.



#### (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio:

Measured at the center point of panel. The contrast ratio (Cr) measured on a module, is the ratio between the luminance (Lw) in a full white area (R=G=B=1) and the luminance (Ld) in a dark area (R=G=B=0).

$$Cr = \frac{Lw}{Ld}$$

#### (3) Definition of Transmittance (T%):

The transmittance of the panel including the polarizers is measured with electrical driving. The equation for transmittance Tr is:

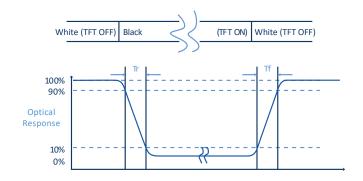
$$Tr = \frac{It}{lo} x 100\%$$

Io = the brightness of the light source.
It = the brightness after panel transmission



#### (4) Definition of Response Time (T<sub>R</sub>, T<sub>F</sub>):

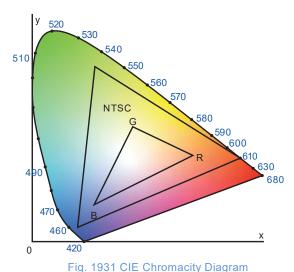
The rise time 'Tr' is defined as the time for luminance to change from 90% to 10% as a result of a change of the electrical condition. The fall time 'Tf' is defined as the time for luminance to change from 10% to 90% as a result of a change of the electrical condition.





#### (5) Definition of Color Gamut:

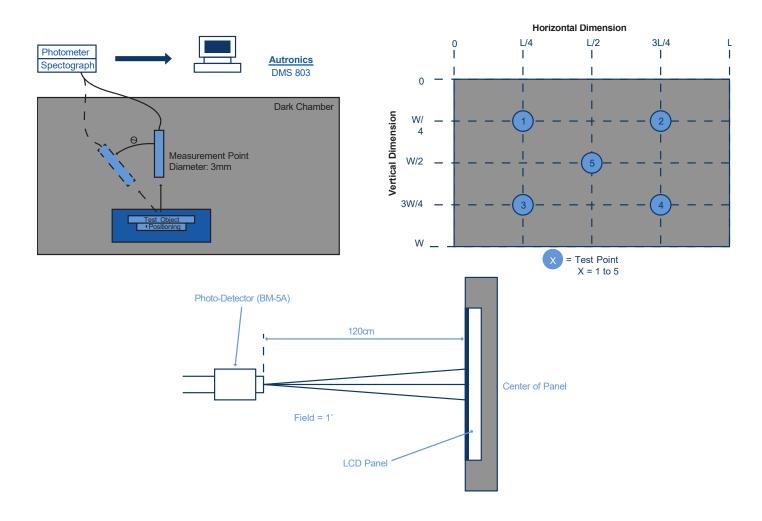
Measuring machine CFT-01. NTSC's Primaries: R(x,y,Y),G(x,y,Y), B(x,y,Y). FPM520 of Westar Display Technologies, INC., which utilized SR-3 for Chromaticity and BM-5A for other optical characteristics. The color chromaticity shall be calculated from the spectral data measured with all pixels first in red, green, blue and white. Measurements shall be made at the center of the panel.



Color Gamut: S = Area of RGB Triangle x 100% Area of NTSC Triangle

#### (6) Definition of Optical Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at a given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting backlight for 20 minutes.





#### 5. TFT Electrical Characteristics

## 5.1 Absolute Maximum rating (Ta=25°C, VSS=0V)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Digital Supply Voltage	VCI	-0.3	4.6	V
Supply Voltage (Logic)	IOVCC	-0.3	4.6	V
Operating Temperature	ТОР	-20	+70	°C
Storage Temperature	TST	-30	+80	°C

NOTE: If the absolute maximum rating of the above parameters is exceeded, even momentarily, the quality of the product may be degraded. Absolute maximum ratings specify the values which the product may be physically damaged if exceeded. Be sure to use the product within the range of the absolute maximum ratings.

#### 5.2 DC Electrical Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Digital Supply Voltage	VCI	2.5	2.8/3.3	3.6	٧	
Supply Voltage (Logic)	IOVCC	1.65	1.8	3.6	V	
Normal Mode Current Consumption	IDD		35	70	mA	
Level Input Voltage	VIH	0.7*IOVCC		IOVCC	V	
	VIL	-0.3		0.3*IOVCC	V	
Level Output Voltage	VOH	0.8*IOVCC		IOVCC	V	
	VOL	GND		0.2*IOVCC	V	



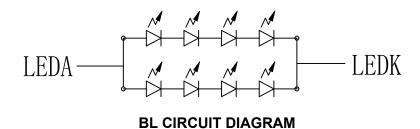
### 5.3 LED Backlight Characteristics

The backlight system is edge lighting type with 8 LED Chips

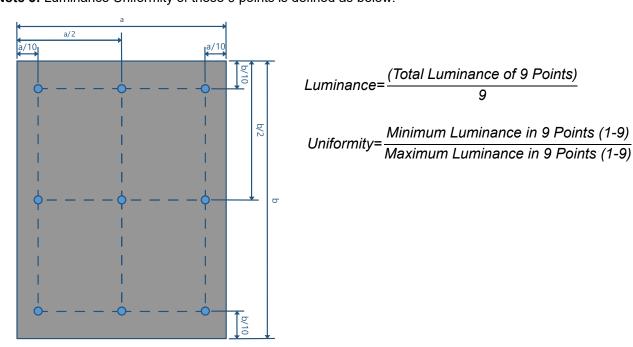
Item	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Forward Current	lF	1	40		mA	
Forward Voltage	VF	11.6	12.8	13.6	V	
LCM Luminance	L <sub>V</sub>	450	500		cd/m2	(3) I <sub>F</sub> =40mA
LED Lifetime	Hr		50000		hour	(1)(2)
Uniformity	Avg	80			%	(3)

**Note 1:** LED lifetime (Hr) can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition:  $Ta=25 \pm 3$ °C, typical IL value indicated in the above table until the brightness becomes less than 50%.

**Note 2:** The "LED lifetime" is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at Ta=25° C and IF = 40mA. The LED lifetime could be decreased if operating IF is larger than 40mA. The constant current driving method is suggested.



Note 3: Luminance Uniformity of these 9 points is defined as below:





#### 6. TFT AC Characteristics

#### 6.1 High Speed Data Transmission: Data-Clock Timing

For high-speed data transmission data-clock timing diagrams and tables, see table and diagram on page 315 of the data sheet for controller ILI9806E. The data sheet can be found here:

https://focusicds.com/wp-content/uploads/Drivers/ILI9806E.pdf

#### 6.2 High Speed Data Transmission

For high speed data transmission diagrams and tables, see the first table and diagram page 64 of the data sheet for controller ILI9806E. The data sheet can be found here:

https://focuslcds.com/wp-content/uploads/Drivers/ILI9806E.pdf

#### 6.3 Turnaround Procedure

For turnaround procedure diagrams and tables, see the second table and diagram page 69 of the data sheet for controller ILI9806E. The data sheet can be found here:

https://focuslcds.com/wp-content/uploads/Drivers/ILI9806E.pdf

#### 6.4 Switching the Clock Lane Between Clock Transmission and Low-Power Mode

For switching the clock lane between clock transmission and low-power mode tables and diagrams, see page 320 of the data sheet for controller ILI9806E. The data sheet can be found here:

https://focuslcds.com/wp-content/uploads/Drivers/ILI9806E.pdf

### 6.5 Reset Timing Characteristics

For the reset timing characteristics table and diagram, see page 283 for the data sheet for controller ILI9806E. The data sheet can be found here:

https://focuslcds.com/wp-content/uploads/Drivers/ILI9806E.pdf

## 7. Quality Inspection Standards

For TFT quality inspection standards, please see the following link:

https://focuslcds.com/lcd-resources/tft-quality-inspection-standards/



## 8. Cautions and Handling Precautions

#### 8.1 Handling and Operating the Module

- 1. When the module is assembled, it should be attached to the system firmly. Do not warp or twist the module during assembly work.
- 2. Protect the module from physical shock or any force. In addition to damage, this may cause improper operation or damage to the module and back-light unit.
- 3. Note that polarizer is very fragile and could be easily damaged. Do not press or scratch the surface.
- 4. Do not allow drops of water or chemicals to remain on the display surface. If you have the droplets for a long time, staining and discoloration may occur.
- 5. If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using some absorbent cotton or soft cloth.
- 6. The desirable cleaners are water, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane. Do not use ketene type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- 7. If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, legs, or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- 8. Protect the module from static; it may cause damage to the CMOS ICs.
- 9. Use fingerstalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- 10. Do not disassemble the module.
- 11. Protection film for polarizer on the module shall be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.
- 12. Pins of I/F connector shall not be touched directly with bare hands.
- 13. Do not connect, disconnect the module in the "Power ON" condition.
- 14. Power supply should always be turned on/off by the item Power On Sequence & Power Off Sequence.

#### 8.2 Storage and Transportation

- 1. Do not leave the panel in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35 °C and relative humidity of less than 70%.
- 2. Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight.
- 3. The module shall be stored in a dark place. When storing the modules for a long time, be sure to adopt effective measures for protecting the modules from strong ultraviolet radiation, sunlight, or fluorescent light.
- 4. It is recommended that the modules should be stored under a condition where no condensation is allowed. Formation of dewdrops may cause an abnormal operation or a failure of the module. In particular, the greatest possible care should be taken to prevent any module from being operated where condensation has occurred inside.
- 5. This panel has its circuitry FPC on the bottom side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.